






东城区 2024 年小学英语毕业考试试卷

(时间 60 分钟)






一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	十三	成绩

第一部分 听力理解

一、看图听句子，判断所听内容是否与图片一致，一致的写“T”，不一致的写“F”。

1. ( )	2. ( )	3. ( )	4. ( )	5. ( )
				

二、看图听 A, B, C, D, E 五段对话，选择与对话内容一致的图片，用字母 A-E 标出其顺序。

6. ( )	7. ( )	8. ( )	9. ( )	10. ( )
				

三、听对话，根据所听内容选择正确信息，将序号填在括号内。

请听第一段对话，完成第 11 题。

- ( ) 11. Why does Mary look so worried?  
 A. Her kitten is missing.    B. She is looking for her keys.  
 C. She can't find her aunt.

请听第二段对话，完成第 12-13 题。

- ( ) 12. What does Ann's uncle do?  
 A. He is a fisherman.    B. He is a farmer.    C. He is a bus driver.
- ( ) 13. What's her uncle's hobby?  
 A. Fishing.    B. Visiting friends.    C. Feeding animals.




请听第三段对话，完成第 14-15 题。

- ( ) 14. What's wrong with Cathy?  
 A. She caught a cold.    B. She coughed.    C. She had a fever.
- ( ) 15. How is Cathy now?  
 A. She is bad.    B. She is great.    C. She's getting better.

四、听短文，根据所听内容判断信息正误。用“T”表示正确，用“F”表示错误。

- ( ) 16. Tom came to China in 2018.  
 ( ) 17. Tom was active six years ago.  
 ( ) 18. Tom didn't like listening to music.  
 ( ) 19. Tom is much taller and stronger now.  
 ( ) 20. Tom didn't like summer before and now he does.

五、听短文，根据所听内容选择正确信息，将序号填在括号内。

- ( ) 21. What was the weather like last Sunday?  
 A.     B.     C. 
- ( ) 22. Where did Bill go with his mother?  
 A. The supermarket.    B. The shop.    C. The market.
- ( ) 23. How much are the jacket and the shirt?  
 A. Seventy yuan.    B. Forty yuan.    C. Thirty yuan.
- ( ) 24. What did Bill have for lunch?  
 A. Fish and rice.    B. Eggs and noodles.    C. Fish and noodles.
- ( ) 25. What is the passage about?  
 A. Bill's weekend activity.    B. Bill's school life.    C. Bill's hobby.

第二部分 阅读理解

六、读单词，选出每组中不同类的一个，将序号填在括号内。

- ( ) 26. A. cousin    B. sister    C. family    D. grandpa
- ( ) 27. A. gym    B. purple    C. white    D. black
- ( ) 28. A. doctor    B. huge    C. coach    D. professor
- ( ) 29. A. restaurant    B. flower    C. hospital    D. drugstore
- ( ) 30. A. eraser    B. schoolbag    C. pencil    D. garden

学号

姓名

班

六年级

学校

线

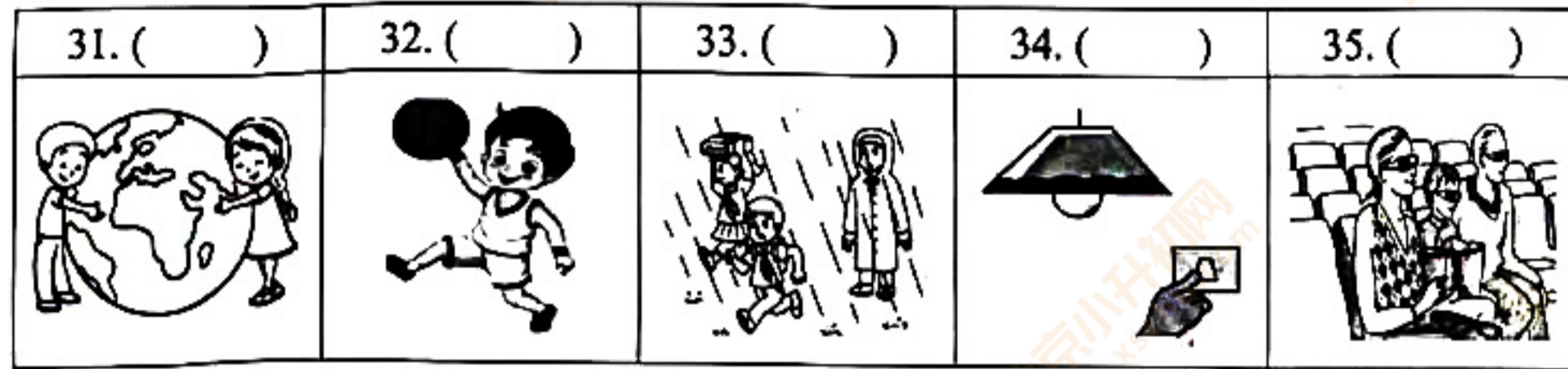
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弥



七、看图读短语，找出与短语内容相符的图片，将序号填在括号内。

- A. turn off the light      B. go to the cinema      C. play basketball  
D. protect the environment      E. get wet in the rain



八、看图读句子，找出与句子内容相符的图片，将序号填在括号内。



- ( ) 36. We should recycle things.  
( ) 37. The man has broad shoulders and strong muscles.  
( ) 38. Rainbows are made of sunlight and water.  
( ) 39. Ice sports are very popular in Canada.  
( ) 40. He's giving a speech in front of many people at the graduation ceremony.

九、读对话，选择正确的交际话语，将序号填在横线上。

- A. Can you tell me more about Beijing?  
B. It's a little hot here.  
C. Are you going away for the summer holiday?  
D. There are many interesting places here.  
E. It's famous for the Palace Museum and Tian'anmen Square.

Johnson: Hello. This is Johnson speaking.

Li Ming: Hi, Johnson. This is Li Ming speaking.

Johnson: 41. \_\_\_\_\_

Li Ming: No. I'll stay in Beijing. What about you?

Johnson: I will visit Beijing with my parents. 42. \_\_\_\_\_

Li Ming: No problem. 43. \_\_\_\_\_

Johnson: What is Beijing famous for?

Li Ming: 44. \_\_\_\_\_

Johnson: What's the weather like?

Li Ming: 45. \_\_\_\_\_ But we can go swimming.

Johnson: That's great.

十、看图读故事，选择恰当的词语填空，将序号填在横线上。

- A. old      B. away      C. family      D. lived      E. rocks

46. The old man was Yu Gong. He _____ behind two mountains. The mountains stood in his way to the south.	47. Yu Gong talked with his _____. They had to remove the two mountains away. Then they could go straight to the south.	48. Yu Gong and his family worked hard. They carried the _____ and earth in baskets to the seaside of Bohai.
49. Another _____ man lived by the river. He thought Yu Gong was old and he couldn't remove the mountains.	50. "Stop, stop!" He said to Yu Gong, "You are foolish. You can't remove the two mountains _____."	Yu Gong believed he had sons and his sons had sons. And they could remove the mountains away.

十一、阅读短文，根据内容选择正确的信息，将标号填在括号内。

The Children are cleaning the classroom after the party. There are four kinds of trashcans in the school. How do they throw the trash into the right trashcans? How do they sort(分类) waste?

There are many banana peels, orange peels, chicken bones, and ... . Let me put them into the green trashcan. I know the green trashcan is for the "food waste".

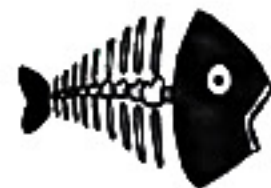
There are some old batteries(电池) for the toys, broken lamps, and ... . Let me put them into the red trashcan. I know the red trashcan is for the "hazardous(有害的) waste".

There are some old newspapers, broken glass, paper cups, and ... . Let me put them into the blue trashcan. I know the blue trashcan is for the "recyclable waste".

How about other trash? Such as the dust, pencils ... . Let me put them into the gray trashcan. I know the gray trashcan is for the "other waste".




- ( ) 51. How many kinds of trashcans are there in the school?  
 A. Three.                      B. Four.                      C. Five.
- ( ) 52. Which trashcan is for the "hazardous waste"?  
 A. The red trashcan.      B. The blue trashcan.      C. The gray trashcan.
- ( ) 53. What is the blue trashcan for?  
 A. Other waste.              B. Food waste.              C. Recyclable waste.
- ( ) 54. What can we put into the green trashcan?  
 A.                                  B.                                  C.



- ( ) 55. What can we learn from the passage? We should \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. clean the classroom.  
 B. learn to sort waste.  
 C. only sort waste in the school.

十二、阅读短文，根据内容判断信息正误。用“T”表示正确，用“F”表示错误。

Last weekend, I took my friends to Lao She Teahouse. We stayed there for more than four hours. Here is a booklet(小册子) we got from the teahouse. Let's read it together.



*Teahouse* is one of Lao She's most famous plays. The story takes place in Beijing. It tells the life of Wang Lifa and the customers of his teahouse from the 1890s to the 1950s. It shows us the changes in Chinese society (社会).

Now you can still see this play in Beijing.  
 "Lao She" is a pen name. His real name is Shu Qingchun. He wrote many plays and short stories about people's lives. So he was named "People's Artist" in China.  
 As you can see, this teahouse is named after Lao She, because his works show readers the traditional culture in Beijing. At Lao She Teahouse, you can enjoy tea as well as delicious Beijing food with your friends. It is the best place for you to watch Beijing Opera and Face Changing! Lao She Teahouse always welcomes you!







If you are interested in Beijing culture just like us, please go there. Lao She Teahouse is the "Visiting Card" of Beijing!

- ( ) 56. *Teahouse* is a famous play written by Lao She.  
 ( ) 57. You can't see the play *Teahouse* in Beijing now.  
 ( ) 58. Lao She wrote many plays and short stories about people's lives.  
 ( ) 59. Lao She's works show readers the traditional culture in Beijing.  
 ( ) 60. The booklet is about Beijing Opera and delicious Beijing food.

第三部分 书面表达

十三、看图写作。

根据连环画写写 Lily 上周六做的事情，必须包含每幅图的基本信息；你也可以使用提示词，根据自己的理解写一段话。

(1) 	(2) 	(3) 
	get up, 7:30	put on, dress
(4) 	(5) 	(6) 
have, breakfast	go, by bike	see, have a good time

61. It was a fine day last Saturday. \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_